

# Weekly Review

Week ending 6<sup>th</sup> December 2009

The past week bears the hallmarks of an increased risk tolerance amongst global investors. Most notably, equity markets gained, whilst government bonds sold off slightly. Sentiment improved later in the week as markets relaxed about Dubai World's debt repayment issues and on US employment data. The Non-Farm Payrolls fell by a mere 11,000 compared to the expected fall of 125,000. This brought the November unemployment number to 10% which was 20 basis points ahead of the consensus expectations of 10.2%. Equity markets rallied on the back of this data, helping the bourses to end the week in positive territory.

Global equities (as measured by the MSCI World Index) ended the week up 2.1% in US Dollar terms, and the MSCI Emerging Markets posted a return which was more than double their developed counterparts, posting a gain of 4.5% for the week. The year to date return for the emerging markets is 77.2% which is significantly ahead of the 29.9% from developed markets. Bond indices sold off slightly in US Dollar Terms as yields on global government bonds spiked upwards. The US 10 Year Treasury yield moved from 3.20% at the end of November to 3.49% by the end of the week. Global government bonds returned -0.3% in US Dollar terms and credit sold off further, causing the Citigroup WorldBIG index to post a return of -1.2% for the week.

The listed property market was strong last week, bouncing back from the disappointment of Dubai World quickly. The US performed particularly well, taking encouragement from the aforementioned macroeconomic data, returning 9.1% in a week. Asian property was also strong, returning 6.0% in US Dollar terms. Europe was muted, with the UK returning 1.1% and the rest of the region gaining 2.1%.

Commodities were also quiet, with agricultural futures flat, and a year to date return of 6.3%. This pales into insignificance compared to the gains of 98.6% that oil has experienced in 2009.

The broader commodities index has benefitted from impetuses such as this and the small weekly gain of 1.0% brings the year to date return to 25.1%.

The performances in the currency markets were mixed, with the US dollar gaining marginally against the euro. The Japanese yen weakened, falling by -3.6% in a week, resulting in a meagre gain of 0.8% year to date against the US Dollar. Other major currencies have appreciated against the greenback over this period, with the euro up 7.1%, sterling 15.0% ahead and the Australian dollar, reflective of a commodity economy with a hawkish interest rate stance, having gained 31.3% over the same period.

The world's attention now turns to Copenhagen, where the climate summit will likely set then agenda for green initiatives for many years to come. Approximately 100 global leaders from 192 countries have descended on the Danish capital in an attempt to hammer out a consensus that will likely supplant the 1997 Kyoto agreement. The main areas of discussion for the summit includes: targets to curb greenhouse gas emissions, financial support for mitigation of and adaptation to climate change and a carbon trading scheme aimed at ending the destruction of the world's forests by 2030. For the next couple of weeks, Copenhagen will likely be the source of much heat and hopefully some light and the postulation and procrastination of various factions of the global community might provide some opportunities for long-term investors. In the shorter term the conference may prove to be a distraction for the markets, that might bring with it some blips as traders react to the latest news flow. Much of the likely outcomes have already been leaked or released to the market, and barring any unforeseen announcements we expect the summit to not dictate the markets' behaviour. In fact, behind the closed doors in Copenhagen, observers will likely learn more about horse trading over the next couple of weeks than about the expedience of constructive and cooperative global political initiatives.

## Returns to 6 December 2009

Asset Class/Region	Index	Currency	Week	MTD	YTD
<b>Equities</b>					
United States	S&P 500 NR	USD	0.8	0.4	23.7
United Kingdom	FTSE All Share TR	GBP	1.3	2.4	27.7
Continental Europe	MSCI Europe ex UK NR	EUR	2.8	4.1	26.5
Japan	Topix TR	JPY	9.7	5.9	5.5
Global	MSCI World NR	USD	2.1	1.7	29.9
Global emerging markets	MSCI World Emerging markets TR	USD	4.5	3.2	77.2
<b>Bonds</b>					
US Treasuries	JP Morgan United States Government Bond Index TR	USD	-0.6	-0.7	-1.8
US Treasuries (inflation protected)	Barclays Capital U.S. Government Inflation Linked TR	USD	-1.4	-1.5	11.2
US Corporate (investment grade)	Barclays Capital U.S. Corporate Investment Grade TR	USD	-1.0	-1.0	18.4
US High yield	Barclays Capital U.S. High Yield 2% Issuer Cap TR	USD	0.4	0.5	54.6
UK Gilts	JP Morgan United Kingdom Government Bond Index TR	GBP	-0.5	-0.8	0.9
UK Corporate (investment grade)	Merrill Lynch Sterling Non Gilts TR	GBP	-0.3	-0.5	12.0
Euro Government Bonds	Citigroup EMU GBI TR	EUR	0.0	-0.3	4.8
Euro Corporate (investment grade)	Barclays Capital Euro Aggregate Corporate TR	EUR	-0.2	-0.2	15.5
Euro High yield	Merrill Lynch Euro High Yield 3% constrained TR	EUR	0.4	0.6	73.3
Japanese Government	JP Morgan Japan Government Bond Index TR	JPY	0.2	0.2	1.0
Global Government bonds	JP Morgan Global GBI	USD	-0.3	-0.7	6.5
Global Bonds	Citigroup World Broad Investment Grade (WBIG) TR	USD	-1.2	-1.4	8.5
Global Convertible bonds	UBS Global Convertible Bond	USD	0.7	0.7	40.2

## Returns to 6 December 2009

Asset Class/Region	Index	Currency	Week	MTD	YTD
<b>Property</b>					
US Property securities	MSCI US REIT TR	USD	9.1	4.9	23.9
UK Property securities	FTSE EPRA/NAREIT United Kingdom TR	GBP	1.1	3.5	12.8
Europe ex UK Property securities	FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Europe ex UK TR	EUR	2.1	4.0	40.6
Asia Property securities	FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Asia TR	USD	6.0	1.7	43.7
Global Property securities	FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed CR	USD	4.2	1.4	29.5
<b>Currencies</b>					
Euro		USD	-0.6	-0.8	7.1
Sterling		USD	0.3	0.8	15.0
Yen		USD	-3.6	-4.2	0.8
Australian Dollar		USD	0.8	0.0	31.3
Rand		USD	-0.3	0.0	24.3
<b>Commodities</b>					
Commodities	RICI TR	USD	1.0	-0.3	25.1
Agricultural Commodities	RICI Agriculture TR	USD	0.0	-1.4	6.3
Oil	Brent Crude Index (ICE) CR	USD	1.3	3.4	98.6
Gold	Gold index	USD	2.5	2.8	40.4

### Important notes

RMB Asset Management is the trading name for RMB Asset Management International Limited. This document does not constitute an offer or solicitation to any person in any jurisdiction in which it is not authorised or permitted, or to anyone who would be an unlawful recipient, and is only intended for use by original recipients and addressees. The original recipient is solely responsible for any actions in further distributing this document, and should be satisfied in doing so that there is no breach of local legislation or regulation. The information is intended solely for use by our clients or prospective clients, and should not be reproduced or distributed except via original recipients acting as professional intermediaries. This document is not for distribution in the United States.

Prospective investors should inform themselves and if need be take appropriate advice regarding applicable legal, taxation and exchange control regulations in countries of their citizenship, residence or domicile which may be relevant to the acquisition, holding, transfer, redemption or disposal of any investments herein solicited.

Any opinions expressed herein are those at the date this material is issued. Data, models and other statistics are sourced from our own records, unless otherwise stated herein. We believe that the information contained is from reliable sources, but we do not guarantee the relevance, accuracy or completeness thereof. Unless otherwise provided under UK law, RMB Asset Management does not accept liability for irrelevant, inaccurate or incomplete information contained, or for the correctness of opinions expressed.

We caution that the value of investments in discretionary accounts, and the income derived, may fluctuate and it is possible that an investor may incur losses, including a loss of the principal invested. Past performance is not generally

indicative of future performance. Investors whose reference currency differs from that in which the underlying assets are invested may be subject to exchange rate movements that alter the value of their investments.

Our investment mandates in alternative strategies and hedge funds permit us to invest in unregulated funds that may be highly volatile. Although alternative strategies funds will seek to follow a wide diversification policy, these funds may be subject to sudden and/or large falls in value. The illiquid nature of the underlying funds is such that alternative strategies funds deal infrequently and require longer notice periods for redemptions. These Investments are therefore not readily realisable. If an alternative strategies fund fails to perform, it may not be possible to realise the investment without further loss in value. These unregulated funds may engage in the short selling of securities or may use a greater degree of gearing than is permitted for regulated funds (including the ability to borrow for a leverage strategy). A relatively small price movement may result in a disproportionately large movement in the investment value. The purpose of gearing is to achieve higher returns associated with larger investment exposures, but has concomitant exposure to loss if positive performance is not achieved. Reliable information about the value of an investment in an alternative strategies fund may not be available (other than at the fund's infrequent valuation points).

Under our multi-management arrangements, we selectively appoint underlying sub-investment managers and funds to actively manage underlying asset holdings in the pursuit of achieving mandated performance objectives. Annual investment management fees are payable both to the multimanager and the manager of the underlying assets at rates contained in the offering documents of the relevant portfolios (and may involve performance fees where expressly indicated therein).

*RMB Asset Management International Limited (Company Registration No. 3733094) is a member of the FirstRand Group, and has its registered office at 20 Gracechurch Street, London, EC3V 0BG*

*RMB Asset Management International Limited is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority in the United Kingdom, and is an authorised Financial Services Provider pursuant to the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act 37 of 2002 in South Africa.*

© RMB Asset Management International Limited 2009